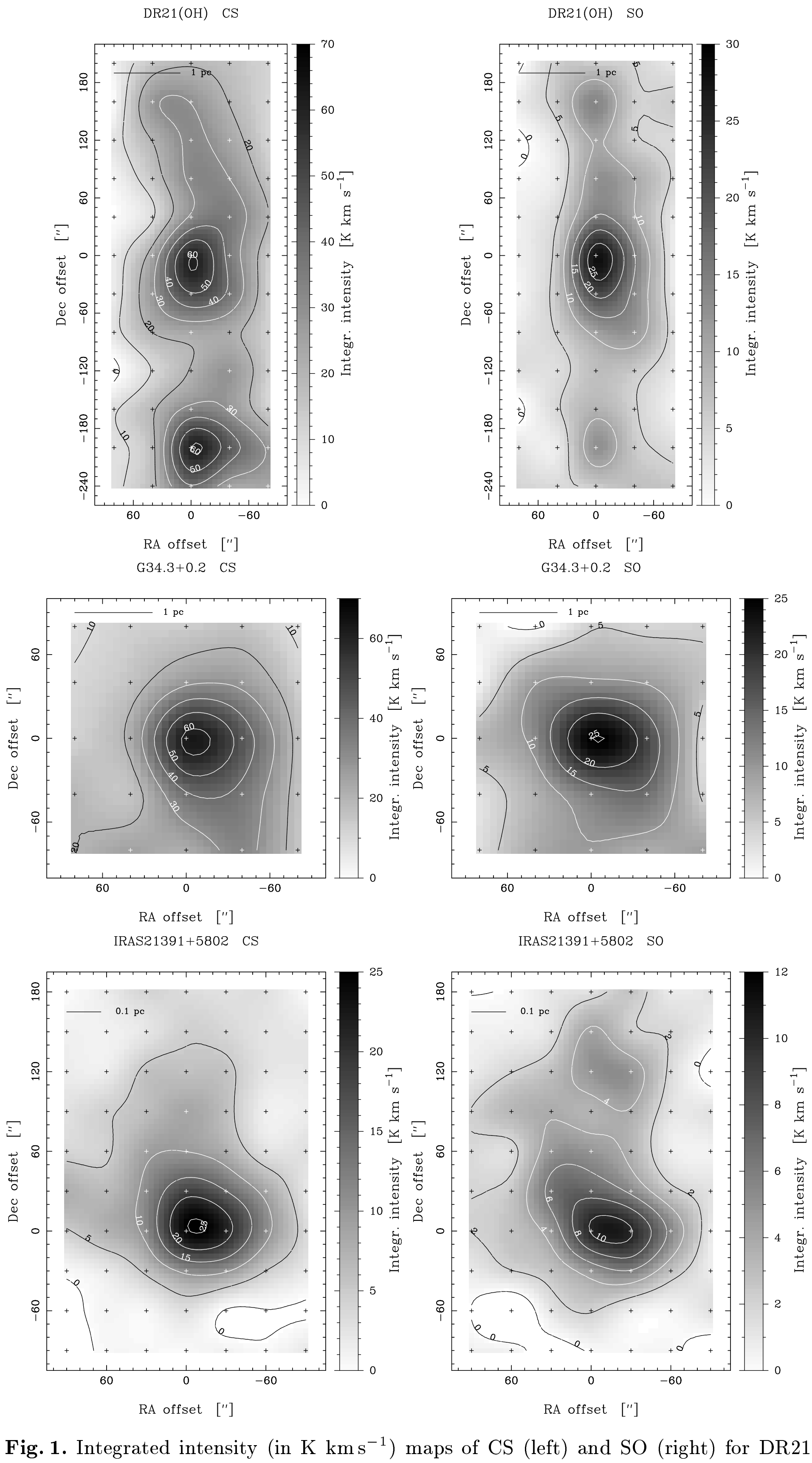

Fig. 1. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for DR21(OH) (top), G34.3+0.2 (middle), and IRAS21391+5802 (bottom). The offsets (in arcseconds) are given relative to the coordinates in Table **??**. The crosses (+) indicate observed positions

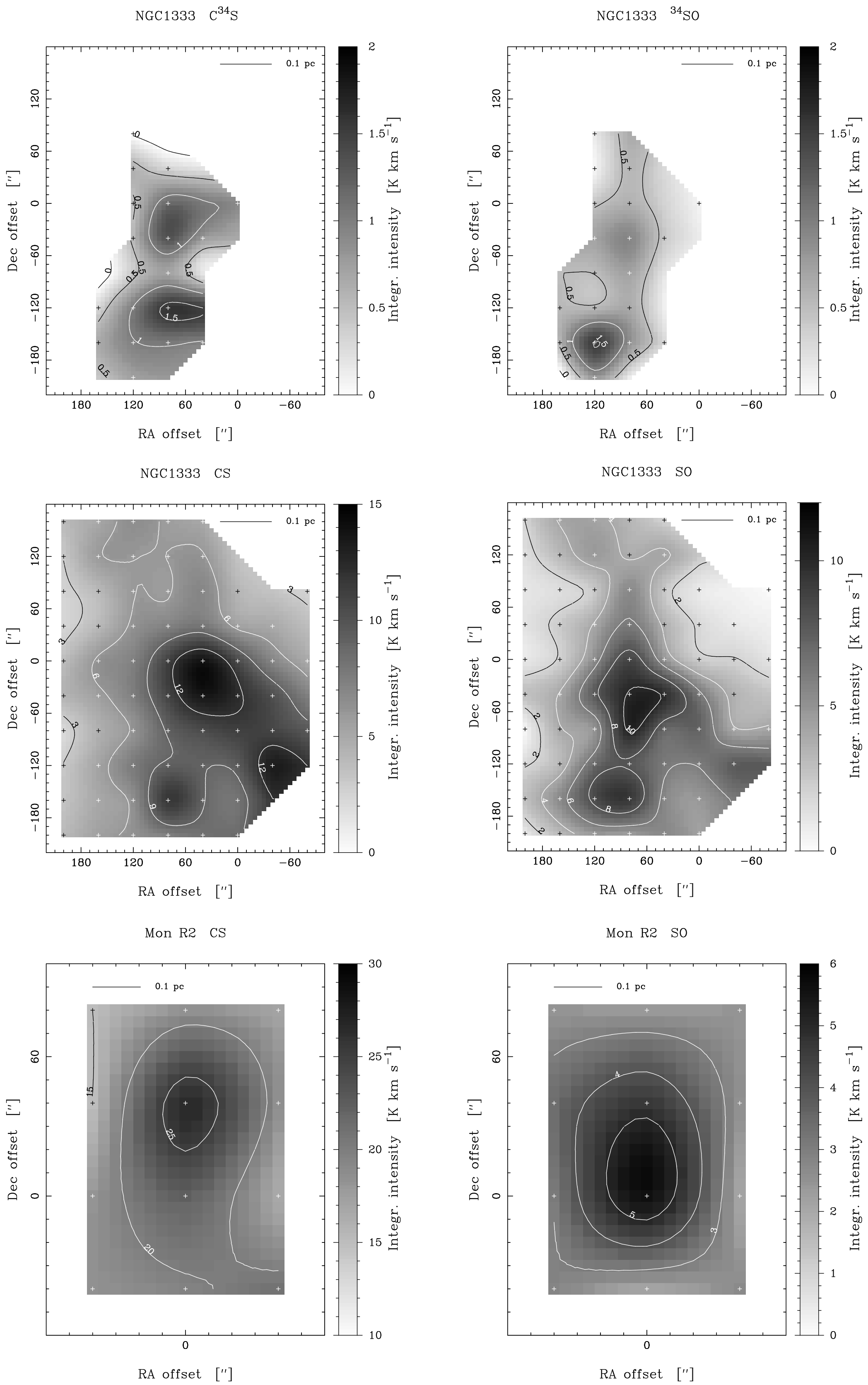

Fig. 2. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of NGC 1333 (top and middle) and Mon R2 (bottom)

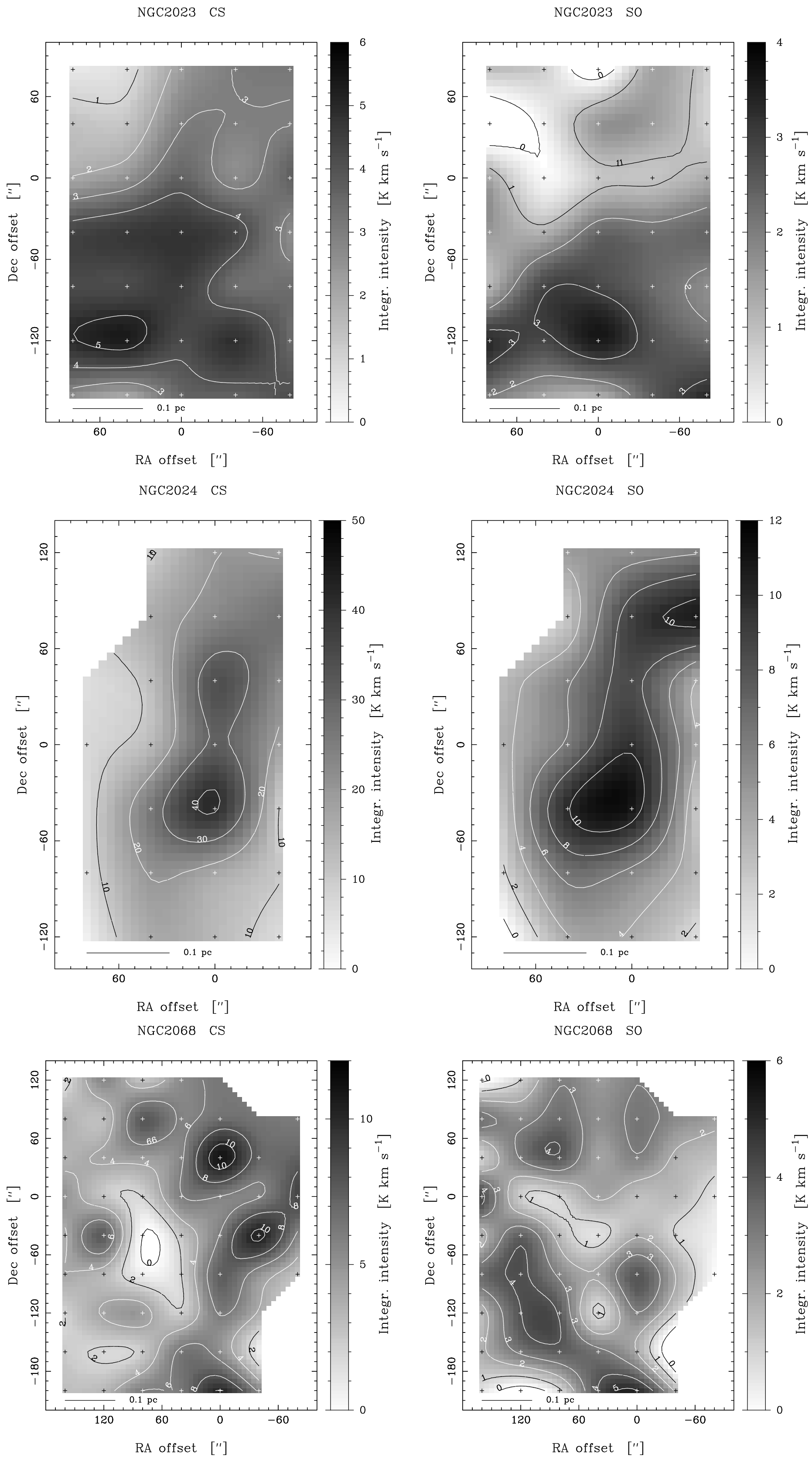

Fig. 3. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for NGC 2033 (top), NGC 2024 (middle), and NGC 2068 (bottom)

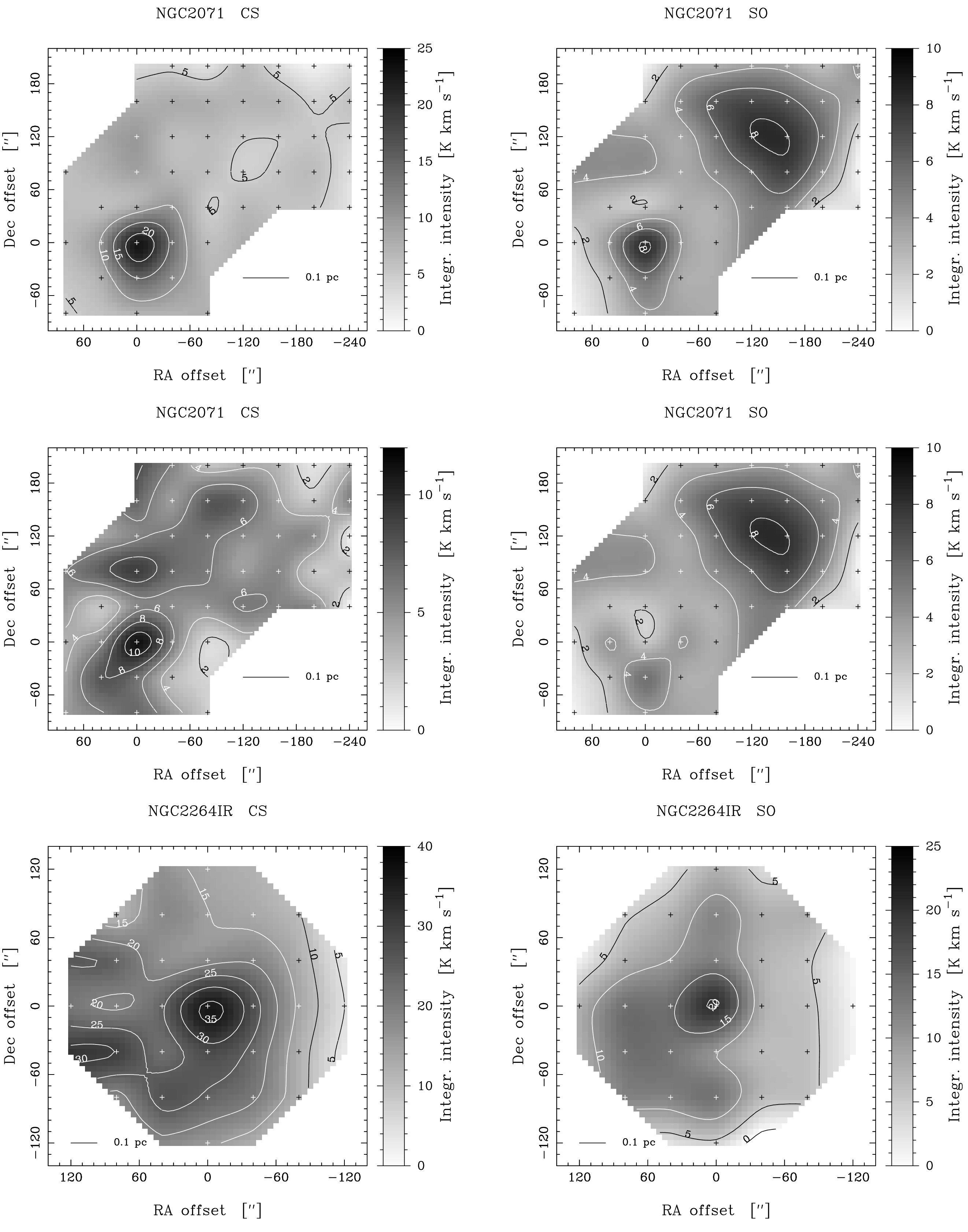

Fig. 4. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for NGC 2071 (top), NGC 2071 with gaussian component removed (middle), and NGC 2264IR (bottom)

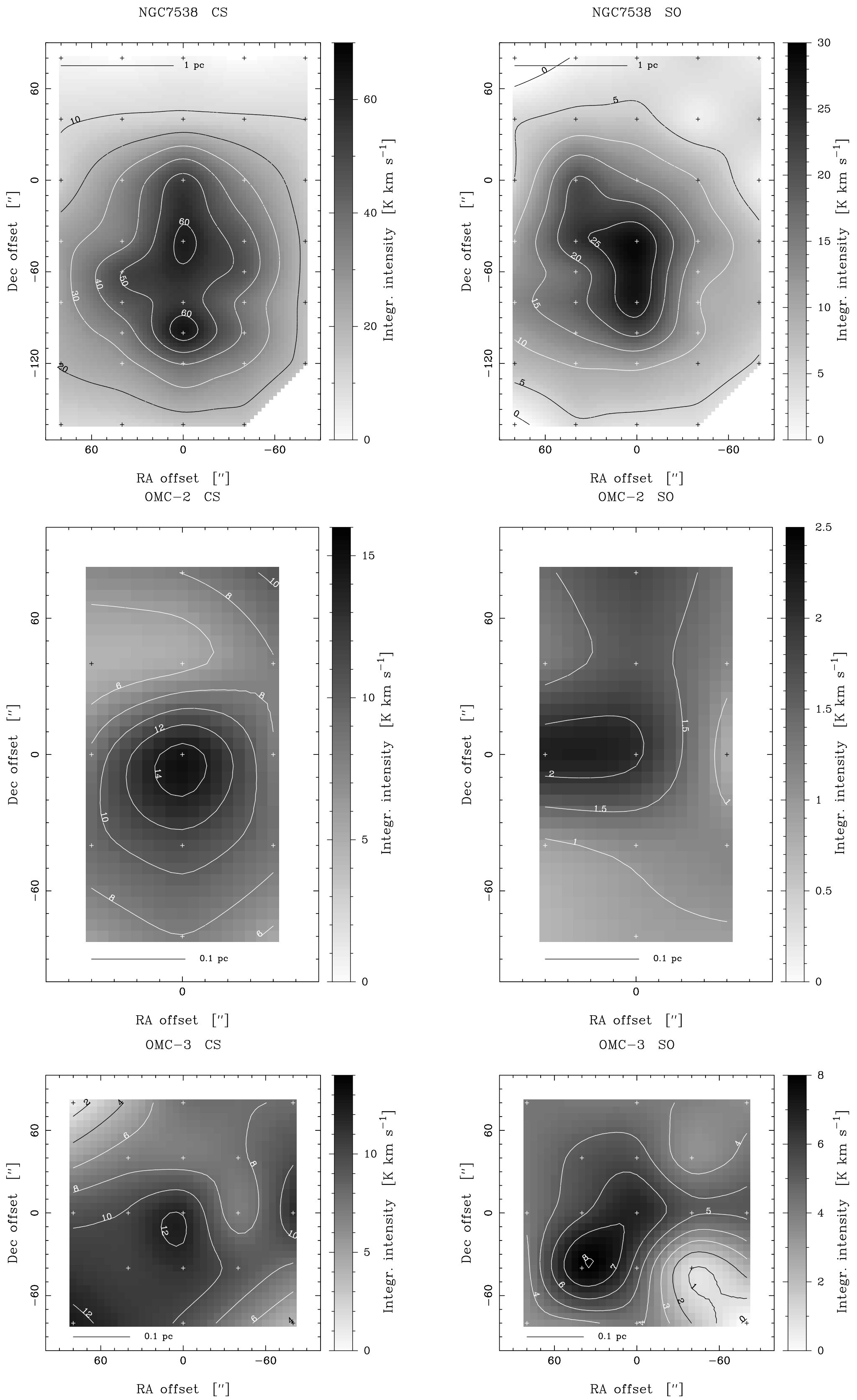

Fig. 5. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for NGC 7538 (top), OMC–2 (middle), and OMC–3 (bottom)

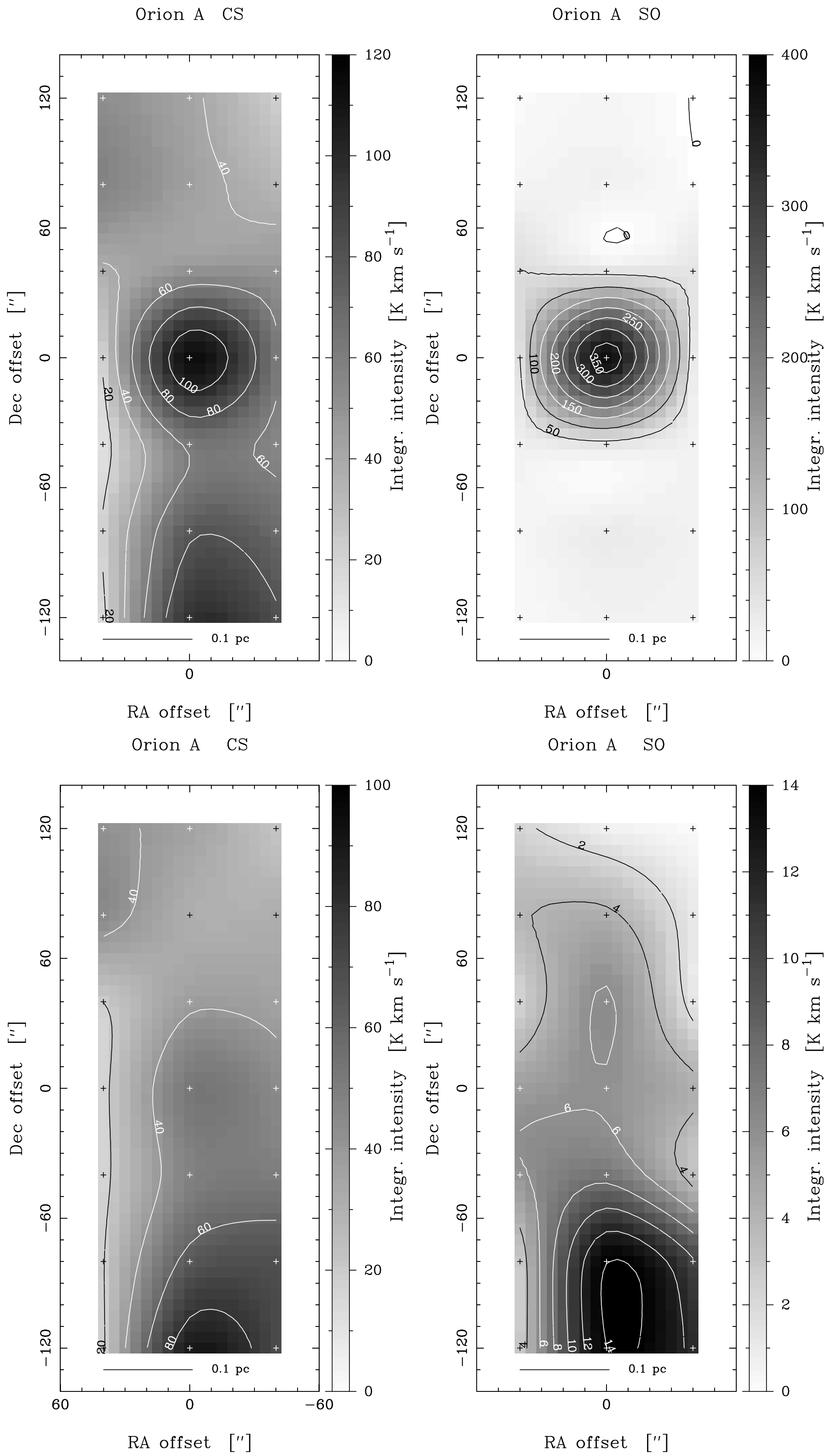

Fig. 6. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for Orion A. In the two lower maps gaussian components have been subtracted

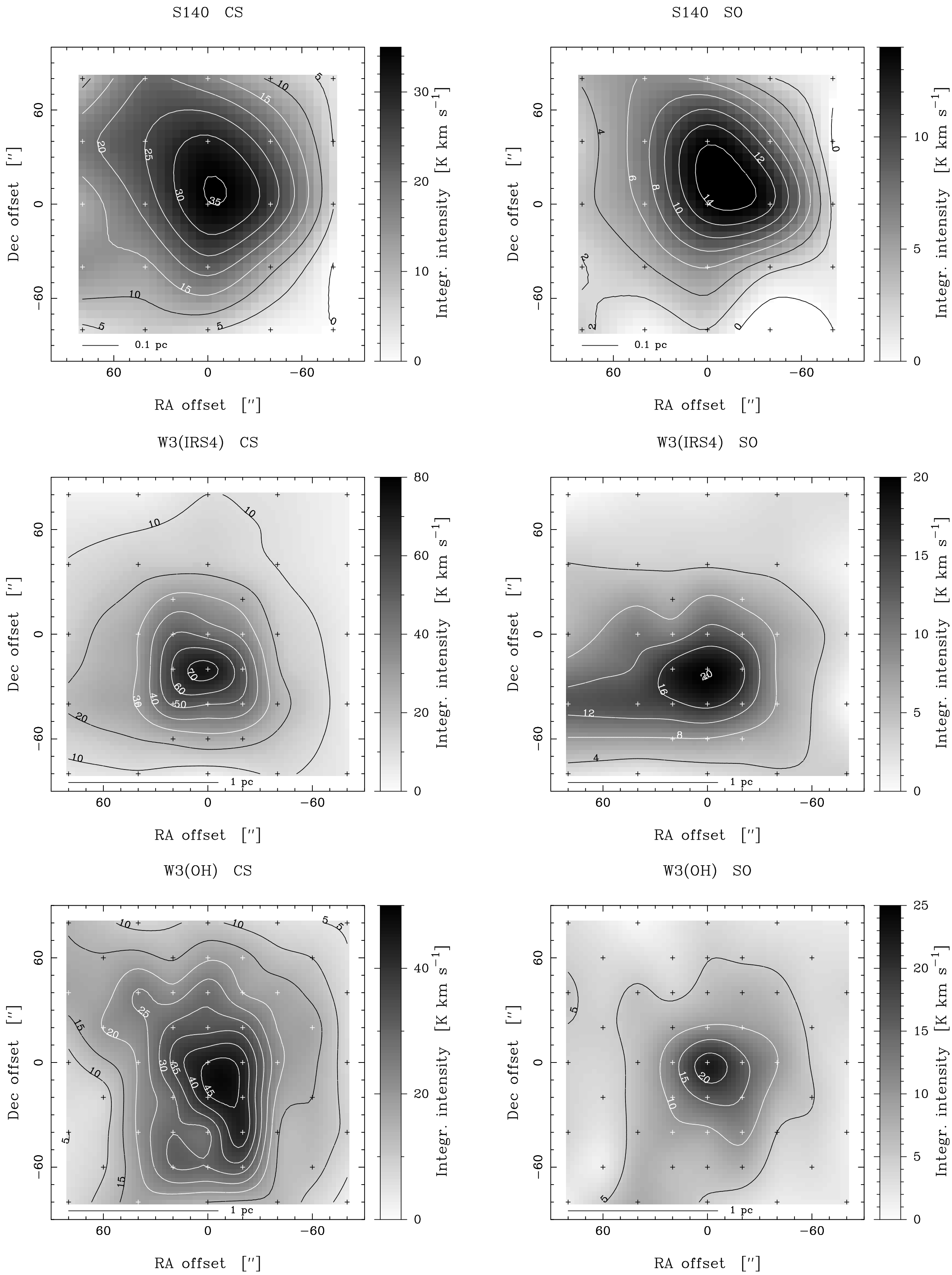

Fig. 7. Integrated intensity (in K km$\,$s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for S 140 (top), W3(IRS4) (middle), and W3(OH) (bottom)

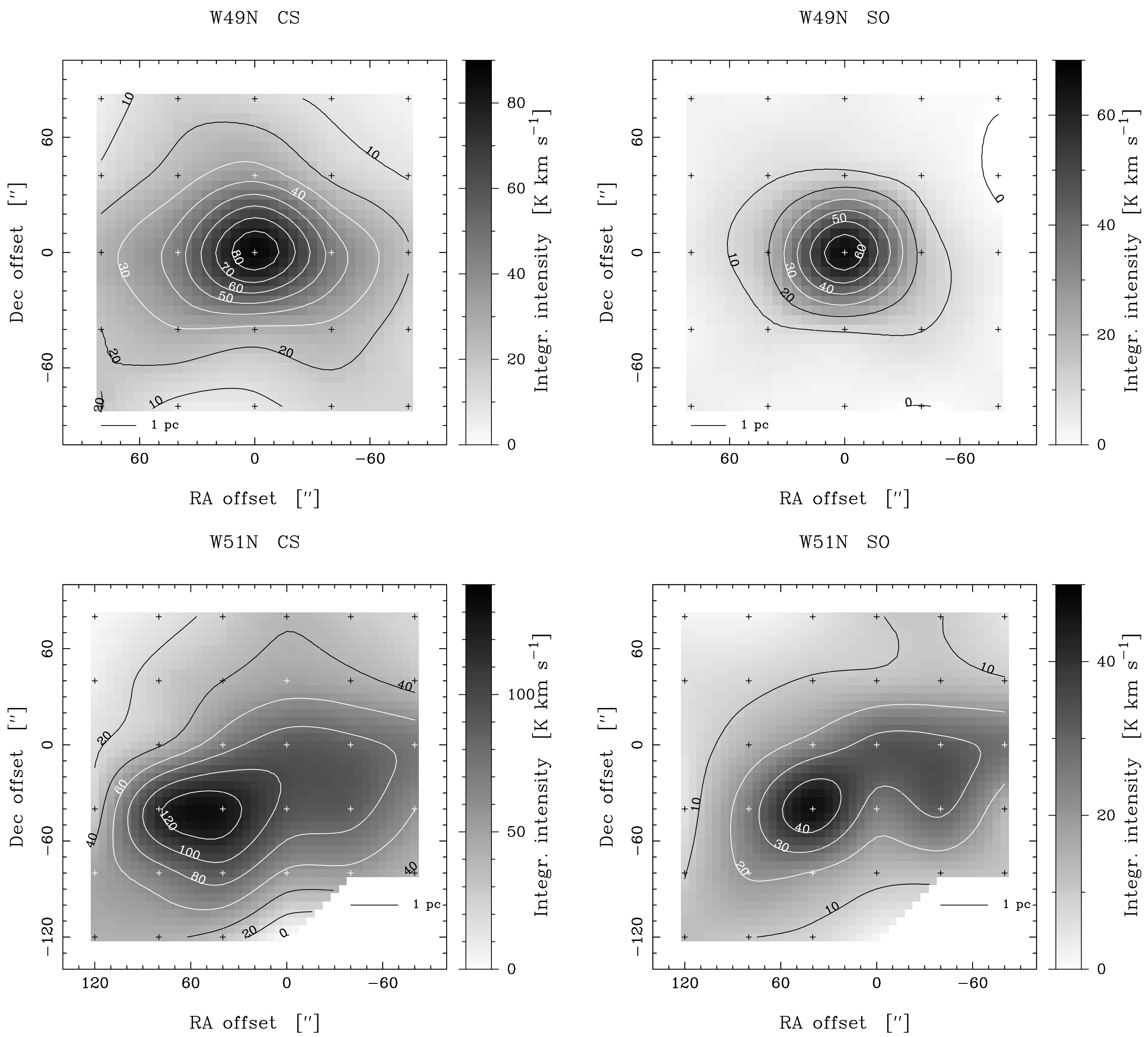

Fig. 8. Integrated intensity (in K km s^{-1}) maps of CS (left) and SO (right) for W49N (top) and W51N (bottom)

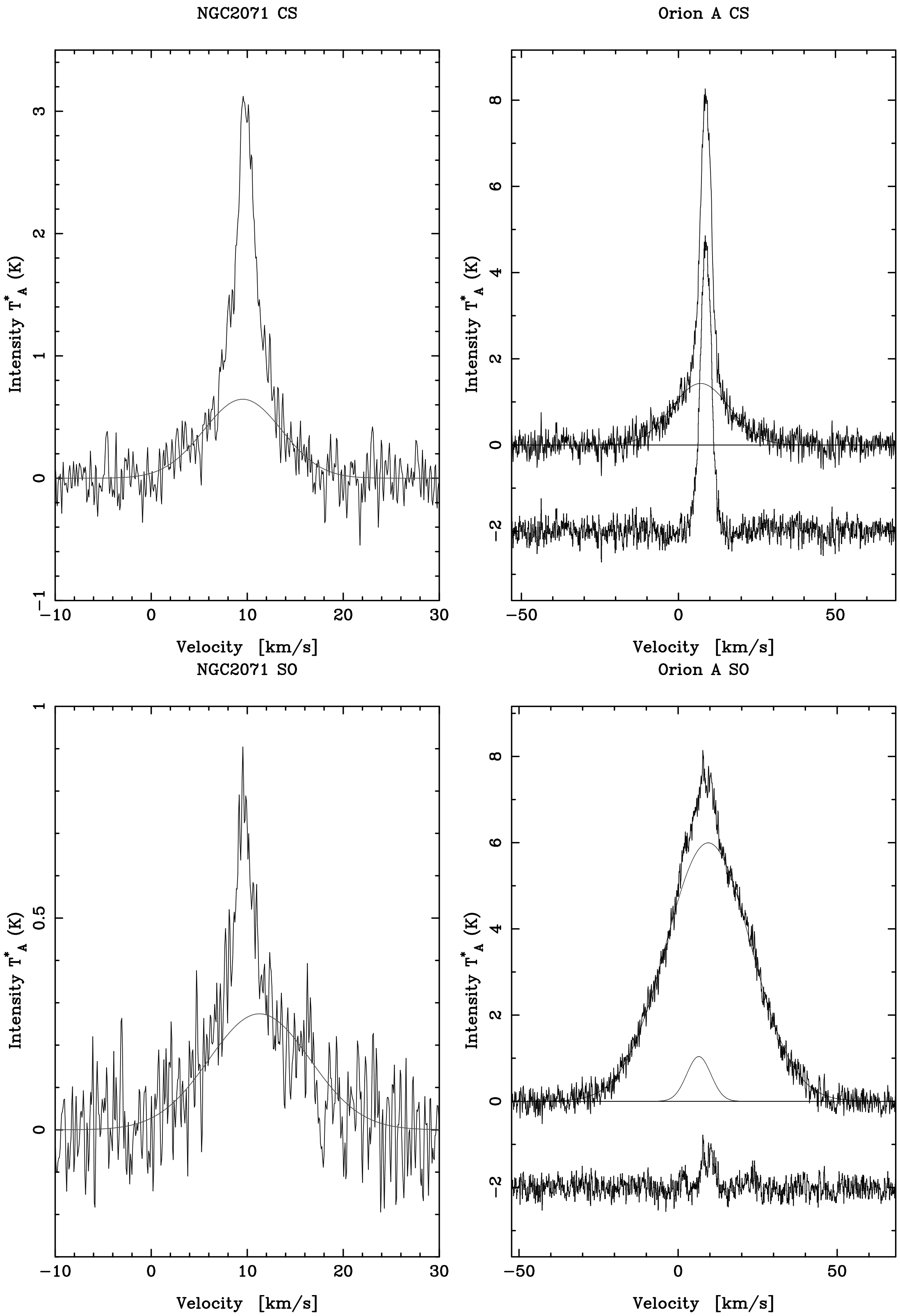

Fig. 9. Gaussian fits for SO (bottom row) and CS (top row) in the centre positions of NGC 2071 (left column) and Orion A (right column). The residual spectra for Orion A show the result when the outflow component is subtracted. In the case of SO in Orion A an additional component due to the 'hot core' is subtracted (cf. Friberg **?**). The subtracted components are shown as gaussians